



Figure 1 A transparent occlusive dressing is used to cover the incision site and a good area over the infra-mammary region. A nipple shield (tegaderm) was applied prior to incision.



Figure 2 Implant is inserted through an incision made in the transparent dressing in line with the surgical wound. Skin contact is therefore avoided.

adhesive film dressing (Tegaderm) prior to insertion of the implant. This forms a relatively frictionless non-biological surface to insert the implant. A brief description of the method is given below.

Method

Prior to skin incision a transparent adhesive dressing is used as a nipple shield.³ After creation of the desired breast pocket, a second adhesive film dressing is applied covering the site of incision as well as a good area over the infra-mammary region (Fig. 1). The gloves are changed, and an incision is made over the film in line with the surgical wound. The area is now ready for implant insertion (Fig. 2). The dressing is removed prior to wound closure to achieve an accurate assessment of the result, as the film

dressing can prevent a complete expansion of the breast pocket.

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The word 'dysphagia' appeared wrongly as 'dysphasia' in the title and in several other occurrences within the text of the above article.

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